

Global trends and growth opportunities in Capital Markets Infrastructure – Securities Services



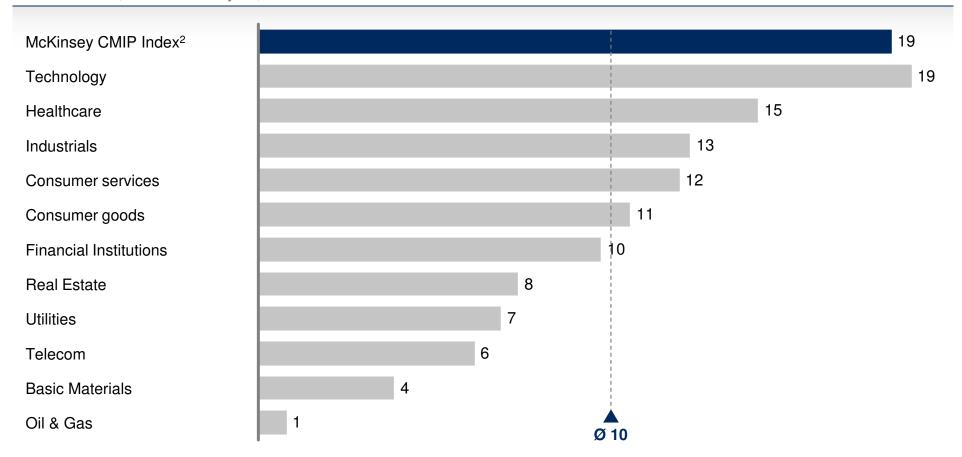
ACSDA GENERAL ASSEMBLY April 12, 2018

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Capital markets infrastructure providers (CMIPs) have performed impressively over the past few years

Total Return to Shareholders¹ – Last 5 Years

December 31, 2012 - January 31, 2018



¹ Datastream defined world level sector index on USD basis

² CMIP index is market capitalization weighted TRS index on USD basis for 40 companies, including 28 exchange groups (ASX, B3, Bats, BVC, Bolsa de Valores Lima, Bolsa Mexicana de Valores SAB de CV, Bolsas y Mercados Españoles, Bucharest Stock Exchange, Bursa Malaysia, CBOE, CME, Deutsche Boerse, DFM, Euronext, Gielda Papierow Wartosciowych, Hellenic Exchanges -Athens, HK Exchanges & Clearing, ICE, JPX, JSE, LSE, MCX, NSX, NZX, Nasdag, Philippine Stock Exchange, SGX, TMX), 4 interdealer brokers (BGC Partners, Compagnie Financiere Tradition, ICAP, Tullett Prebon), and 8 information service providers (FactSet, IHS Markit, McGraw Hill, Moody's, Morningstar, MSCI, Thomson Reuters, Verisk Analytics). Please note that Tullett Prebon completed the acquisition of ICAP's voice-broking business in December 2016 to create TP ICAP

The capital markets infrastructure industry comprises a diverse value chain

NOT EXHAUSTIVE

"Securities Services" - primary focus of today's presentation

Trade Facilitation/ **Execution**

Activity

- **Examples of Players**
- Exchanges & alternative venues Dealer-to-Client (D2C) platforms
- Interdealer brokers (IDBs)





Clearing

- Exchange-owned central counterparties (CCPs)
- Stand-alone CCPs













TMX cos







(I)CSD **Settlement &** Asset Servicing¹

- Central securities depositories (CSDs)
- International CSDs (ICSDs)







STATE STREET. J.P.Morgan SS&C Societe Generale Securities Services







- Custodians
- Corporate trusts
- Fund administrators













Information Services

- Data & analytics providers
- Credit rating agencies



















Technology Infrastructure

- OEMS²/portfolio system providers
- Matching/clearing engine providers
- Post-trade solution vendors





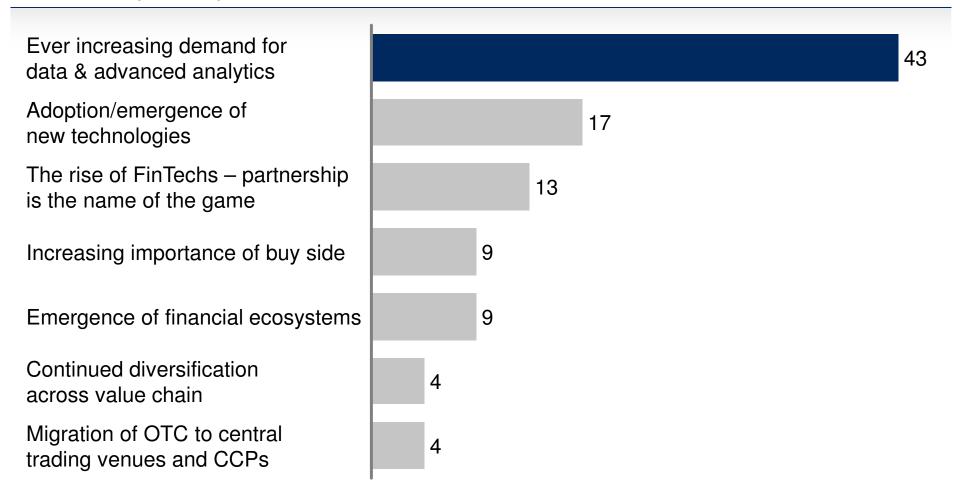




Participants at our 2018 Global Capital Markets Infrastructure Roundtable view data & advanced analytics as the most impactful industry-shaping trend

Which of these global trends do you see as being the most influential in shaping the industry over the next 5 years?

Share of responses, percent, n = 23

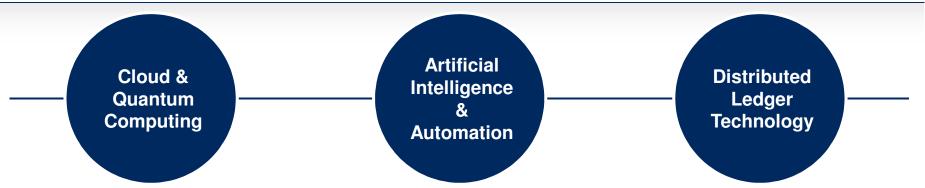


There are a number of use cases in advanced analytics already being put to use across the capital markets value chain



SOURCE: Interviews, press search McKinsey & Company 5

The next wave of innovation: Several technologies have the potential to re-shape the future of capital markets



- Cloud adoption in capital markets at tipping point, as cost/agility benefits outweigh security concerns
 - Majority of US financial institutions with roadmap for broad-based adoption
 - Still some concerns over security of public cloud and data protection exist, and need to be resolved
- Leading-edge capital markets participants already exploring ways to leverage quantum computing – potential to perform much more complex tasks than traditional computing

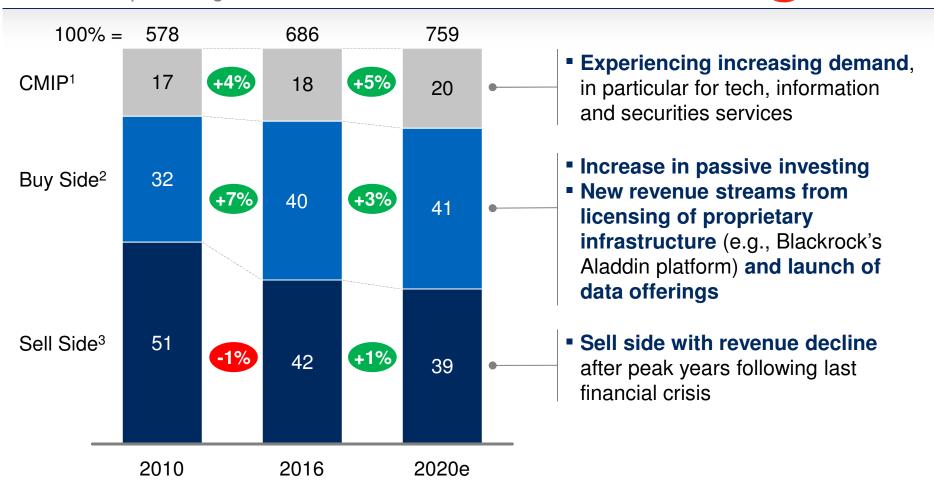
- Robotics (process automation) driving scalability and increasing efficiency, especially for highly repetitive tasks
- Increasing demand for artificial intelligence (AI) solutions, driven in part by (i) high cost of regulatory non-compliance/poor risk management, (ii) need for more intelligent automation and (iii) imperative for alpha improved data accessibility creating ripe environment for Al
- Distributed Ledger Technology (DLT) could partially replace current centralized systems
 - ASX/Digital Asset among frontrunners in DLT implementation within post-trade space (PoC hitting preliminary milestones for distributed sub-ledger solutions for booking and settlement)
 - First use cases in capital formation visible (e.g., **ICOs)** – negative knock-on effect along the current CMIP value chain

Buy side gaining in stature, while capital requirements and other regulation keep pressure on sell side

Global Capital Markets Ecosystem Revenues

USD billion, percentage of total





¹ Excludes securities services

² Revenues of major asset management players in the 20 largest countries, accounting for 95% of global AUM

³ Includes investment banking and institutional sales & trading revenues for banks and brokers

- Optimism tempered despite some tailwinds
- Persistent profitability challenges for investment managers will translate into further margin pressure for securities services players – risk of commoditization
- On the other hand, continued AUM growth likely to buffer industry, with additional upside from value-added services and expected rise in interest rates
- Market
 2 structure
 changing
- Industry consolidation will continue, albeit slowly (as concentration already high),
 while niche players with bespoke offerings will continue to thrive
- Target2Securities (T2S) will change the European post-trade landscape, allowing global custodians to connect directly with CSDs, thereby increasing competition
- Technology
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 to leverage it
- Technology will continue to be a game changer, but only for those able and willing to invest meaningfully
- Al and automation can get the industry on the next S-curve in efficiency
- FinTechs should be viewed as potential partners rather than as competitors
- Several "no regret" moves warrant consideration
- Optimize customer experience and pricing differentiate based on value-add
- Apply automation at scale in core to increase efficiency without sacrificing service
- Offer data as well as enhanced risk/regulatory management services
- Enhance cyberattack readiness and strengthen broader crisis management
- Clear strategic positioning mandated
- There are different ways to win in securities services firms need to choose between four strategic archetypes, potentially in tandem with two emerging value propositions, to inform resource allocation/other strategic choices in coming years
- Firms that fail to commit to a proven path are most at risk

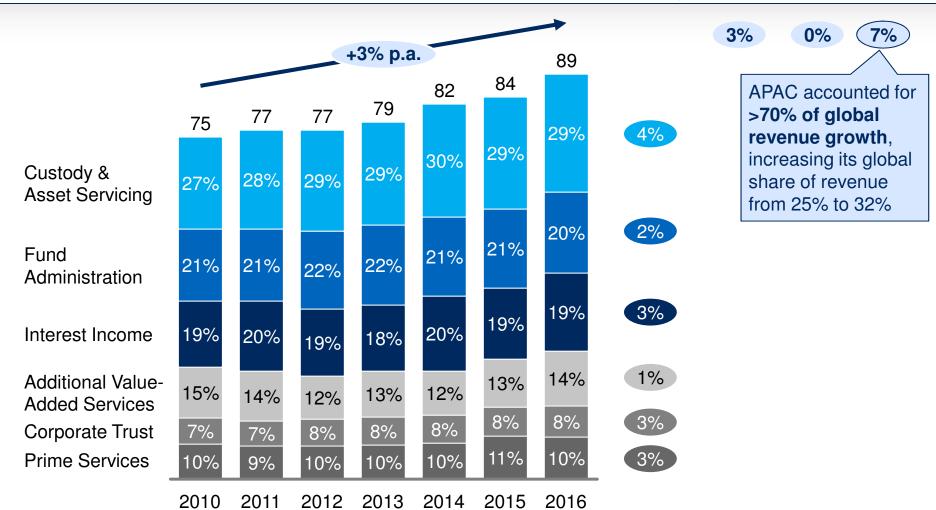
1) The securities services industry grew at low single-digit rates globally between 2010 and 2016 – most of revenue growth driven by APAC

Global Securities Services Revenues by Product

USD billion



CAGR 2010-2016



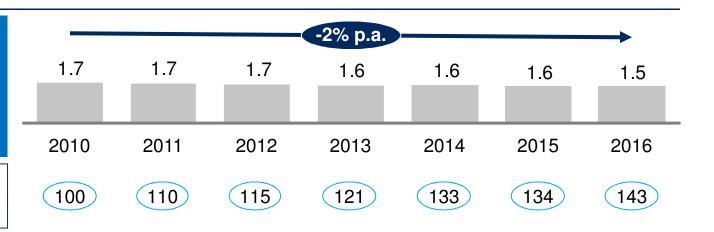
SOURCE: McKinsey McKinsey & Company 9

1 Over the past decade, both custodians and fund administrators have experienced unabating margin compression



Revenue margin (custody revenues/assets under custody) in basis points

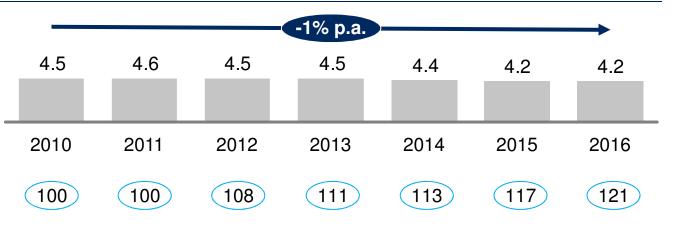
AUC volumes, indexed (2010 = 100)



Fund Administration Business

Revenue margin (fund administration revenues/assets under administration) in basis points

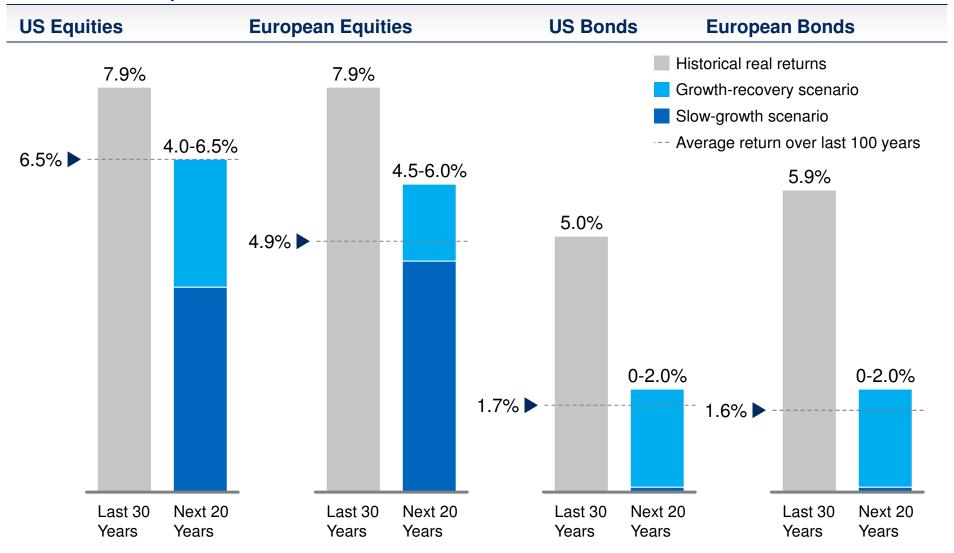
AUA volumes, indexed (2010 = 100)



¹ Includes local and global custody

1 The end of supernormal returns reshaping expectations – asset managers likely to stay under pressure

Historical and Expected Returns



SOURCE: McKinsey Global Institute

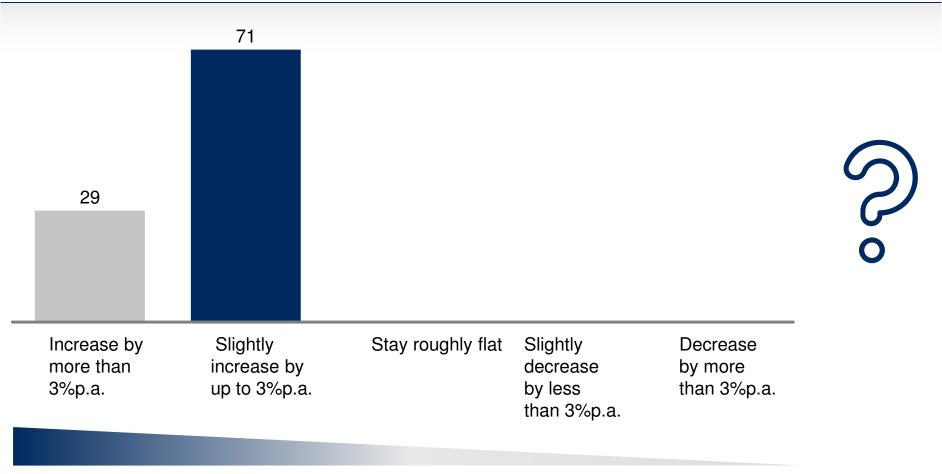
1) Interest income and additional value-added services will be growth drivers in the securities services industry through 2022 2% to 4%

Outlook Growth Drivers CAGR 2017-22E **Custody &** Assets under custody (valuation) expected to rise **Asset Servicing** Custody fee margins expected to decline **Fund** Assets under administration (valuation) expected to rise **Administration** Level of outsourcing for middle and back office to remain stable • Fund administration fee margins expected to decline Interest Global interest rates expected to increase in developed markets Income **Additional** Collateral management volumes expected to rise FX and cash management business to remain stable Value-Added **Services Corporate** Bond valuation to remain stable **Trust** Corporate trust fees to remain stable **Prime Services** Securities lending volumes to remain stable Lending/borrowing fee (for intermediary) to remain stable

1 Participants at our Securities Services CXO Roundtable at Sibos 2017 also expect moderate future growth rates

How do you think global securities services revenues will change over the next 5 years?

Annual global securities revenue pool development, 2017-2022, percent



Growth **Decline**

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- **Technology** as disruptive force - critical to leverage it
- Technology will continue to be a game changer, but only for those able and willing to invest meaningfully
- All and automation can get the industry on the next S-curve in efficiency
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3 Getting on the next S-curve in efficiency will require the deployment of multiple emerging AI and automation technologies



Robotic Process Automation

Automate routine tasks through existing user interfaces (e.g., data extraction and cleaning)



Smart Workflows

Integrate tasks performed by groups of humans and machines (e.g., month-end processes)



Machine Learning

Identify patterns in data through supervised and unsupervised learning (e.g., decision algorithms)



Natural Language **Processing**

Create seamless interactions between humans and technology (e.g., data-tostory translation)



Cognitive agents

Build a virtual workforce capable of supporting employees and customers (e.g., employee service centers)

Two types of automation

- Task-level automation to substitute manual, transactional activities
- Full E2E process automation using smart workflow

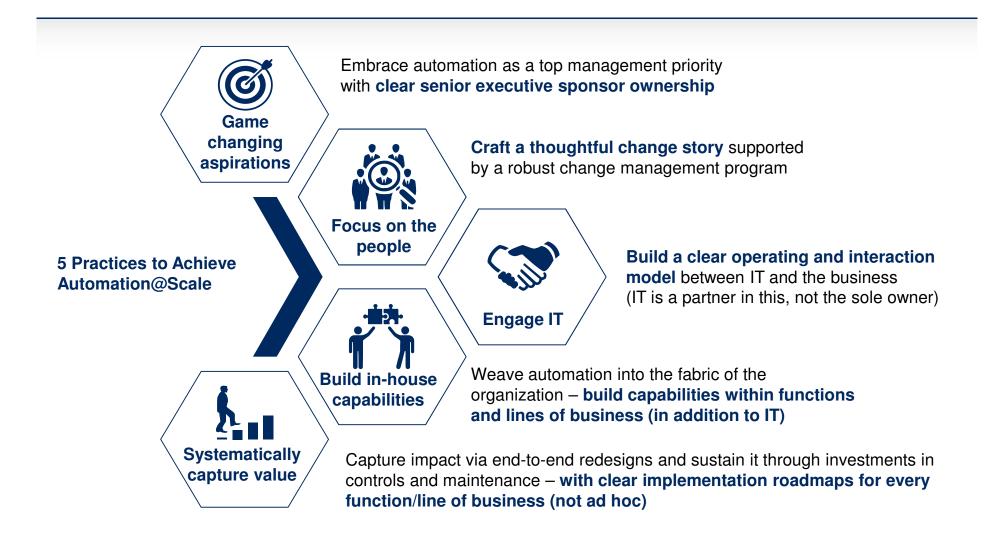
3 Assessing potential for automation and robotics in securities services functions



		Repetitive	Rules-Driven High Impact	Low Risk	Overall Assessment
Clearing & Settlement Services	Match trade				
	Position cash and securities for clearing				
	Calculate net debit/credit positions				
	Receive and deliver cash and securities				
Custody & Asset Servicing	Maintain and hold physical assets				
	Track market activity				
	Inform security owners of relevant corporate actions				
	Identify corporate governance events and capture customer's vote)			
	Collect dividends, interest, or principal payments				
	Collect foreign jurisdiction withholding tax rebates and perform other related tax services				
Fund Adminis- tration Services	Account for and value assets				
	Perform comparison with standard benchmarks				
	Calculate and report fund net asset value				
	Maintain individual subaccounts on behalf of investors				
	Provide communication to investors				
Corporate Trust Services	Maintain record of investors and account balances				
	Collect and distribute interest and dividends				
	Send periodic reports/statements				
	Address investor issues (e.g., lost/stolen certificates)				

SOURCE: McKinsey expert interviews

3 In our experience, there are five key practices that are critical to achieving sustainable impact from automation



SOURCE: McKinsey CBF Practice McKinsey & Company 18

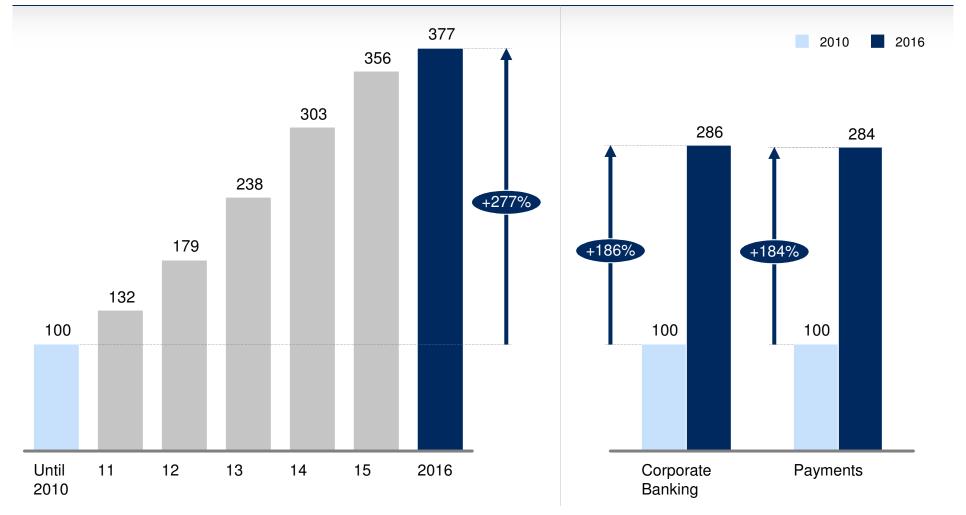
3 FinTech activity in CMIP almost 4x that in 2010, outpacing other areas in banking - time to view FinTechs as partners rather than as competitors

Evolution of FinTech Activity in CMIP

Cumulative number of CMIP-related FinTechs, indexed, 2010 = 100

Evolution of FinTech Activity in Corporate Banking & Payments

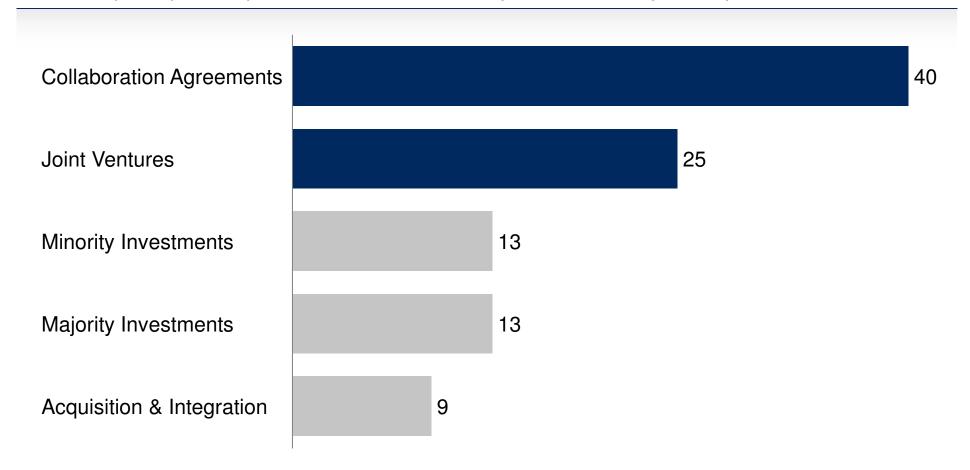
Indexed, 2010 = 100



3 FinTech partnership models: Incumbents focus on collaboration agreements and JVs when engaging with FinTechs

What models are most efficient when it comes to FinTech relationships?

Share of participant responses from WFE/McKinsey FinTech Survey 2017, percent, n = 46



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5 Four strategic archetypes will continue to thrive, potentially in tandem with two emerging value propositions

Established Winning **Strategic Archetypes**

Global Full-Service **Providers**



- Firms covering all key geographies and offering comprehensive securities services to customers in major markets
- Full-service providers use the advantages of economies of scale and skill

Regional Leaders with Broad **Offerings**



- Broad service offering in home region, with scale in core local markets
- Regional leaders capitalizing on deep expertise in country markets and close ties to local customers and regulators

Core Securities Services **Providers** at Scale



- Focus on crucial, but non-differentiated, core services in custody, asset servicing and fund administration
- Cost and efficiency leader with highly automated operations and avoidance of complexity

Focused Boutiques



- Focus on tailored, bespoke services
- Focus on specialized asset classes



Ecosystem Orchestrators



- Core custody and fund administration platform enhanced by a variety of both adjacent and completely new services
- Leveraging technology and partnering with FinTechs in an open-platform environment – understanding customers, offering value-added products/services and creating strong customer relationships will be key

Data & **Analytics Powerhouses**



- Generating significant revenue streams from insights on markets, investor behavior, risk and regulation
- Requires truly differentiated data exhaust and strong advanced analytics capabilities to create IP that can be monetized at scale – data must be a strategic priority

Your presenter today



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- Global Co-Head of McKinsey's Electronic Trading Practice and advisor to Asset Management, Capital Markets Infrastructure and Corporate & Investment Banking practices
- Previously served as:
 - Senior Vice President at Fidelity National Information Services (FIS) – headed GFS enterprise strategy and co-led due diligence on SunGard acquisition
 - Executive Managing Director, COO and Principal of R. G. Niederhoffer Capital Management, a quantitative global macro hedge fund

SOURCE: McKinsey McKinsey & Company 24